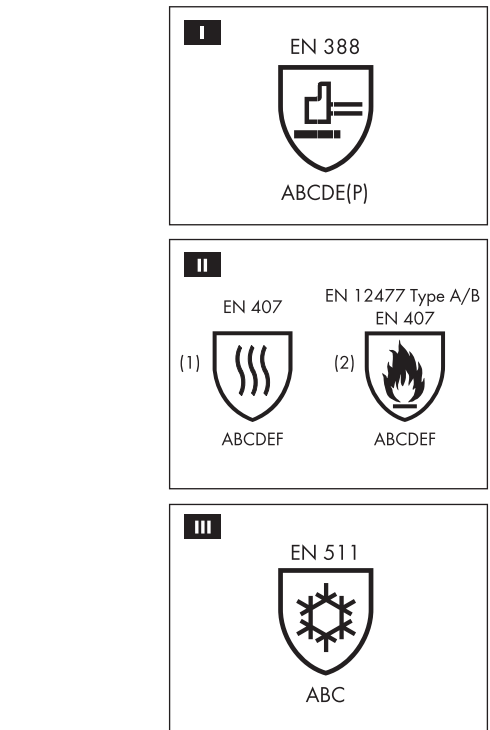


- Benutzerinformation
- User information
- Informazioni per l'utente
- Information à l'attention des utilisateurs
- Información de usuario
- Gebruikersinformatie
- Brugerinformatie
- Brukerinformasjon
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- Användarinformation
- Kullanıcı bilgisi
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- Informații pentru utilizatori



Wenaas Workwear AS
Bruasetvegen 122
6386 Måndalen
Norway
www.wenaas.com

- None of the materials or processes used in the manufacture of these products is known to be harmful to the wearer.
- Glove must fit the individual user (form a proper seal). For example; if a glove is too large / too small than the person's hand, it will compromise the level of protection while also affecting the dexterity of the health care provider

STORAGE/TRANSPORT

- Gloves should be ideally stored at 5-25°C in dry, well-ventilated area in original package. Store away from direct sunlight.

OBSOLESCENCE

- When stored as recommended will not suffer change in mechanical properties for up to 3 years from the date of manufacture. Service life cannot be specified and depends on the application and responsibility of user to ascertain suitability of the glove for its intended use.

LIMITATION OF USE /RISK

- Gloves are designed to protect hands in the working environment in accordance with EN 388:2016, EN ISO 21420:2020 , EN 407:2020 & EN 511:2006, When selecting a glove based on risk analysis of intended application, it should be understood that the protection is limited to Risk levels and standards mentioned above.
- For multi-layer gloves, performance level are applicable to the whole glove including all layers
- Glove may lose its insulate property when wet (if not tested / passed in water penetration)
- As this product does not offer protection against flames, the gloves must not come into contact with naked flames.
- Gloves are not washable.

CLEANING

- Both new and used gloves should be thoroughly inspected before being worn to ensure no damage is present. Gloves should not be left in contaminated condition. Cleaning and disinfection is not intended for these gloves.
- When donning the glove, please ensure that both glove and hand are clean, glove size is right, and it is properly fit on the contours and croches of fingers. In case of contamination / perspiration, take off the glove, allow it to dry before wearing again and/or discard depending on the condition of glove.
- When an indication of hand hygiene precedes a contact that also requires glove usage, hand rubbing or hand washing should be performed before donning glove.

Available Sizes:-

Size*	SM	MD	LG	XL	XXL
Hand Size as defined in EN ISO 2120:20209(E)	7	8	9	10	11

Latex Warning: "Natural rubber latex is known to be a possible cause of allergies in sensitised persons. If any allergic reaction should occur then medical advice should be obtained immediately"

EUDC is enclosed.

List of substances contained in the glove shall be available upon request.

Wenaas Workwear AS, Bruasetvegen 122,
6386 Måndalen, Norway www.wenaas.com



USER INFORMATION

Glove series : 0-8-320-98

Description : Fizz Tek L winter version with inserting 10GG orange brushed Acrylic wool shell

Safety Category : Category II

Glove Description:-

Breathable natural rubber coating, in combination with 13GG white polyester out shell and 10GG orange brushed acrylic wool inner shell designed to protect in medium cut hazard environments. Recommended for precise operations requiring maximum dexterity. Ideal for winter seasonal applications, general purpose during winter season and small parts handling etc. Glove is fully coated with Natural latex & second layer in black colour knuckle dip with micro crinkle finishing. Cuff Option is provided with Driver style.

Not for use with liquids. Not for expose with naked flames.

The glove provides medium protection against cut, abrasion, tear and puncture on palm in dry handling conditions. Never use them when there is a risk of trapping by mobile machines parts.

The product is in compliance with the PPE Regulation (EU) 2016/425.

Glove pH 5.7 and dexterity level 5. Azo colorants were not detected when tested according to the regulation REACH 1907/2006 Annex XVII Entry number 43.

Mechanical test data in accordance with EN 388:2016+A1:2018

Mechanical test data	Result	Mechanical Property	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4	Level 5
Abrasion resistance	Level 2	Abrasion (Cycles)	100	500	2000	8000	-
Cut resistance	Level 2	Cut (Index)	1.2	2.5	5.0	10.0	20.0
Tear resistance	Level 4	Tear (Newton)	10	25	50	75	-
Puncture resistance	Level 2	Puncture (Newton)	20	60	100	150	-
TDM cut resistance	C	Cutting force (Newton)	A >2, B >5, C >10, D >15, E >22, F >30				

X- means not tested.

For dulling during the cut resistance test (6.2), the coupe test results are only indicative while the TDM cut resistance test (6.3) is the reference performance result.

Test results are applicable to palm area of the glove

Heat resistance test data in accordance with EN 407:2020

Heat resistance test data	Result	Property	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
limited flame spread	X	After-flame time (Sec) After-glow time (Sec)	≤15 N/A	≤10 ≤120	≤3 ≤15	≤2 ≤5
Contact heat ≥ 15 sec	2	Contact temperature/°C	100°	250°	350°	500°
Convective heat	X	Heat transfer Index HTI (Sec)	≥ 4	≥ 7	≥ 10	≥ 18
Radiant heat	X	Heat transfer Index t24 (Sec)	≥ 7	≥ 20	≥ 50	≥ 95
Small splashes of molten metal	X	Number of droplets	≥ 10	≥ 15	≥ 25	≥ 35
Large quantities of molten metal	X	Molten metal (Gram)	30	60	120	200

X- means not tested.

Schutzhandschuhe / Kategorie II

Der vorliegende Handschuh entspricht den Anforderungen der Verordnung (EU) 2016/425. Die Anforderungen der harmonisierten Normen werden entsprechend der jeweiligen Kennzeichnung des Handschuhs erfüllt. Konformitätserklärung / andere Dokumente: siehe www.wenaas.com

I	A: Abriebfestigkeit (0-4) B: Schnittfestigkeit (0-5) C: Wettereissfestigkeit (0-4) D: Durchstichfestigkeit (0-4)	E: TDM Schnittfestigkeit ISO 13997:1999 (A-F) F: Schutz gegen Stoß (0-4) Nur Handschuhe mit Markierung P bieten Schutz vor Stoß.
II	A: Begrenzte Flammenausbildung (0-4)* B: Kontaktwärme (0-4) C: Konvektive Wärme (0-4) D: Strahlungswärme (0-4)	E: Kleine Spritzer geschmolzenen Metalls (0-4) F: Große Mengen flüssigen Metalls (0-4) * Nur Handschuhe mit mindestens Leistungsstufe I dürfen in Kontakt mit einer offenen Flamme kommen. Produkte mit dem graphischen Symbol (1) EN 407 bieten keinen Flammenschutz. Nur Produkte mit dem graphischen Symbol (2) EN 407/ EN 12477 Type A/B haben eine Schutzstufe gegen Flammen.
III	A: Konvektive Kälte (0-4)* B: Kontaktkälte (0-4) C: Wasserdichtheit (0-1)*	* Handschuhe mit Leistungsstufe 0 können bei Nässe ihre isolierende Eigenschaft verlieren. Informationen zu maximal zulässiger Exposition (z.B. Temperatur, Dauer) können beim Hersteller angefordert werden.

X: Prüfung nicht durchgeführt oder nicht zutreffend.
0: Der Handschuh fällt unter die Mindestleistungsstufe für die vorgegebene einzelne Gefahr.

Je höher die Leistungsstufe desto höher der Schutzfaktor.

Wenn nicht anders angegeben, beziehen sich die ermittelten Leistungswerte auf Proben, die aus der Handfläche entnommen wurden. Bei Handschuhen mit zwei oder mehr Schichten spiegelt die Gesamtklassifizierung nicht unbedingt die Leistung der äußersten Schicht wider.

Diese Benutzerinformation ist mit der spezifischen Produktinformation, die der Verpackung beigelegt ist, zu verwenden.

Lagerung/Verfälschung: Handschuhe in Originalverpackung kühl 5 - 25 °C und trocken ohne zusätzliche Gewichtsbelastung lagern und insbesondere vor direktem Sonnenlicht schützen. Nicht in der Nähe von Ozonquellen (z. B. Laserdrucker, Kopierer etc.). Eine bestimmungsgemäße Lagerung wird vorausgesetzt. Die tatsächliche Verfallszeit im Einsatz kann nicht pauschal angegeben werden, da sie abhängig ist von den Rahmenbedingungen bei der Anwendung. Es ist in jedem Fall eine individuelle Risikobeurteilung im Einzelfall vorzunehmen.

Gebrauch: Diese Handschuhe sind zum Schutz vor mittleren Risiken gedacht. Schutzhandschuhe immer nur für den vorgesehenen Einsatzbereich und in der richtigen Größe verwenden. Es ist eine Überprüfung/Risikobeurteilung vorzunehmen, um sicherzustellen, dass die Handschuhe für die vorgesehene Verwendung geeignet sind, da die Bedingungen am Arbeitsplatz in Abhängigkeit von Temperatur, atmosphärischen Bedingungen, Abrieb und Degradation von denen der Typprüfung abweichen können. Falls ein Schutz vor Stoß angegeben ist, gilt der Schutzbereich nicht für die Finger. Beim Auftreten von Abstumpfung während der Schnittfestigkeitsprüfung, sind die Ergebnisse der Schnittfestigkeitsprüfung nach EN 388 (6.2) nur als Hinweise zu verstehen, wohingegen die TDM Schnittfestigkeitsprüfung nach EN 388 (6.3) Referenzergebnisse bezüglich der Leistung liefert. Vor der Anwendung sind die Handschuhe auf jegliche Fehler wie Löcher, Risse oder andere Mängel, wie z. B. Verfärbung zu überprüfen. Schadhafte Handschuhe dürfen auf keinen Fall verwendet werden. Handschuhe nicht in kontaminiertem Zustand belassen. Beim Anziehen des Handschuhs ist darauf zu achten, dass sowohl der Handschuh als auch die Hand sauber und trocken sind, die Handschuhgröße stimmt und der Handschuh an den Konturen und in den Fingerbeugen richtig sitzt. Bei Verschmutzung/Schweißbildung den Handschuh ausziehen, vor dem erneuten Tragen trocknen lassen und/oder je nach Zustand des Handschuhs entsorgen.

Reinigung / Desinfektion: Eine Reinigung/Desinfektion ist für diese Handschuhe nicht vorgesehen und erfolgt in eigener Verantwortung.

Entsorgung: Gebrauchte Handschuhe sind entsprechend der Entsorgungsvorschriften der Verschmutzung und der Vorschriften der örtlichen Behörde zu entsorgen. Unbenutzte Handschuhe können mit dem Hausmüll entsorgt werden.

Warnhinweise / Allergiker Hinweis: Im Bereich rotierender Maschinenteile (Sägeblätter, Bohrer etc.) keine Handschuhe tragen. Es besteht die Gefahr, mitgerissen zu werden! Einige Handschuhmodelle enthalten Naturlatex und können bei Allergikern allergische Reaktionen hervorrufen. Bei Hautreizungen oder allergischen Reaktionen holen Sie bitte umgehend ärztlichen Rat ein. Weitere Informationen über die Leistung des Handschuhs oder zu Inhaltsstoffen können beim Hersteller angefordert werden.

Hinweis (Schweißerhandschuhe): Derzeit gibt es kein genormtes Prüfverfahren für die Durchlässigkeit von UV-Strahlung von Handschuhmaterialien. Gegenwärtig werden jedoch Schutzhandschuhe für Schweißer so hergestellt, dass sie üblicherweise keine UV-Strahlung durchlassen.

Mit Lichtbogenschweißvorrichtungen ist es nicht möglich, alle Schweißspannung führenden Teile gegen betriebsbedingten Direktkontakt zu schützen. Diese Handschuhe bieten keinen Schutz gegen Stromschlag, der durch defekte Geräte oder Berührungen von spannungsführenden Teilen verursacht wird. Nasse, verschmutzte oder mit Schweiß vollgesogene Handschuhe haben einen verringerten elektrischen Widerstand, was das Risiko eines Stromschlags erhöht.

Bei Handschuhen nach EN 12477 wird die Ausführung B empfohlen, wenn eine hohe Fingerfertigkeit erforderlich ist, z. B. beim WIG-Schweißen. Für die übrigen Schweißverfahren werden Handschuhe der Ausführung A empfohlen.

Cold resistance test data in accordance with EN 511:2006

Cold Resistant test data	Result	Cold Resistant Property	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
Convective Cold	Level 1	Thermal Insulation (ITR) in m²°C/W	0.10 ≤ ITR < 0.15	0.15 ≤ ITR < 0.22	0.22 ≤ ITR < 0.30	0.30 ≤ ITR
Contact Cold	Level 2	Thermal Insulation (R) in m²°C/W	0.025 ≤ R < 0.050	0.050 ≤ R < 0.100	0.100 ≤ R < 0.150	0.150 ≤ R
Water Penetration test	X	Water leakage	Pass	N/A	N/A	N/A

X- means not tested.

EN 388:2016+A1:2018 EN 407:2020 EN 511:2006



2 2 4 2 C



X2XXXX



1 2 X

Test results are applicable to palm area of the glove

Tested in accordance with EN 388:2016+A1:2018, EN 407:2020, EN ISO 21420: 2020, EN 511:2006.

Glove performance quoted is based on laboratory data and may not reflect the actual duration of protection in the workplace due to other factors influencing the performance such as temperature, abrasion, degradation etc. Please consider Environmental Temperature, Atmospheric conditions, wind speed, Health and well-being of the person, effect of other protective clothing worn by the person, time of exposure, activity level, dexterity requirement, contact with cold items and contact with wet or dry objects when selecting this PPE.

EU type examination carried out by : SATRA Technology Europe Ltd, Bracetown Business Park, Clonee, D15 YN2P, Ireland, NB# 2777

Marking:- Name of manufacturer, style, size, pictograms & CE mark

Storage:- Store dry and cool in its original packaging, sheltered from direct light.

WARNING

- Do not expose to naked flame
- Contact Heat tested from the Palm area of the glove.

USE

- Gloves are designed to protect against intermediate risk which may include General material handling, assembly and maintenance glove providing protection against slip, dirt and moderate mechanical workload. Suitability of the product is to be ascertained per each particular work application as part of the end users risk assessment program.
- Use protective gloves only for the intended use and the right size. Check for damage before use, Never use damaged glove

Protective gloves / category II

The present glove fulfils the requirements of Regulation (EU) 2016/425 and – if it is marked with the UKCA logo – in Regulation (EU) 2016/425 as retained in UK law and amended. The requirements of the harmonised standards are fulfilled in respect of the appropriate marking of the glove. Declaration of Conformity/other documents: see www.wenaas.com

I	A: Abrasion resistance (0-4) B: Blade cut resistance (0-5) C: Tear resistance (0-4) D: Puncture resistance (0-4)	E: TDM blade cut resistance ISO 13997:1999 (A-F) P: Protection against impacts (optional) Only gloves with a P marking provide protection against impacts.
II	A: Limited flame spread (0-4)* B: Contact heat (0-4) C: Convective heat (0-4) D: Radiant heat (0-4)	E: Small splashes of molten metal (0-4) F: Large quantity of molten metal (0-4) * Only gloves with at least quality level 1 may come into contact with an open flame. Products with the graphical symbol (1) EN 407 do not offer any protection against flames. Only products with the graphical symbol (2) EN 407/EN 12477 Type A/B are classified as having a protection level against flames.
III	A: Convective cold (0-4)* B: Contact cold (0-4) C: Water resistance (0-1)*	* Gloves of quality level 0 may lose their insulating properties if they become damp. Information on the maximum permissible exposure (e.g. temperature, duration) can be requested from the manufacturer.

X: Test not carried out or not applicable.
0: The glove falls below the minimum quality level for the specified individual hazard.

The protection factor increases with the quality level.
If not specified otherwise, the determined performance data relate to samples that have been taken from the palm. In the case of gloves with two or more layers, the overall classification does not necessarily reflect the performance of the outermost layer.

This user information must be used in conjunction with specific product information that is enclosed with the packaging.

Storage/shelf-life: Store gloves in their original packaging in a cool (5 - 25 °C) dry place and protect, particularly against direct sunlight. Do not store in the vicinity of ozone sources (e.g. laser printers, copiers, etc.). This assumes that the glove is stored in the prescribed manner. The actual expiry date during use cannot be specified generally because it depends on the conditions of use. A distinct risk assessment must be performed for each individual case.

Use: These gloves are intended for protection against medium risks. Use protective gloves only for their intended purpose and in the correct size. A check/ risk assessment must be carried out to ensure that the gloves are suitable for the intended use because the conditions in the place of work in relation to temperature, atmospheric conditions, abrasion and degradation may vary from those of the type approval test. If impact protection is stated, the protection area does not apply to the fingers. When blunting occurs during the blade cut resistance test, the EN 388 (6.2) blade cut resistance test results should be considered as being for guidance only, whereas the EN 388 (6.3) TDM blade cut resistance test provides reference results in respect of performance. Before use, the gloves should be checked for any defects such as holes, cracks or other defects, e.g. discoloration. Never use damaged gloves. Do not leave gloves in a contaminated state. When pulling on a glove, ensure that both the glove and the hand are clean and dry, that the glove size is correct and that the glove sits correctly in the hand contours and around the finger bends. In the case of soiling/sweat, pull off the glove and allow to dry before putting it on again or, if the state of the glove warrants it, dispose of it.

Cleaning/disinfection: It is not intended that these gloves should be cleaned/disinfected and if doing so, the user bears full responsibility.

Disposal: Dispose of used gloves dependent on the soiling level and in accordance with the applicable disposal regulations and local authority regulations. Unused gloves can be disposed of with the household waste.

Warnings/allergy notes: Do not wear gloves in the vicinity of rotating machine parts (saw blades, drills etc.). Risk of entanglement. Some gloves contain natural latex and may cause allergic reactions in people with allergies. Immediately seek medical advice in case of skin irritations or allergic reactions. Contact the manufacturer for more information on the performance of the gloves or the materials used in their manufacture.

Note (welding gloves): Currently there is no standardised test procedure for the UV transmittance of glove materials. However, the protective gloves for welders that are currently produced, normally block UV radiation.

Using arc welding safety devices, all parts carrying welding voltage are shielded from direct contact during operation. These gloves do not offer protection against electric shock caused by defective devices or by touching live parts. Gloves that are wet, dirty or soaked with sweat have a reduced electrical resistance, which increases the risk of electric shock.

For gloves compliant with EN 12477, style B is recommended when a high level of dexterity is required, e.g. for MIG welding. For the remaining welding methods, style A gloves are recommended.

Guanti protettivi / categoria II

Questo guanto soddisfa i requisiti del Regolamento (UE) 2016/425. I requisiti delle norme armonizzate vengono soddisfatti in base alla marcatura specifica del guanto. Dichiarazione di conformità / altri documenti: vedere www.wenaas.com

I	A: Resistenza all'abrasione (0-4) B: Resistenza ai tagli (0-5) C: Resistenza alla lacerazione (0-4) D: Resistenza alla perforazione (0-4)	E: Resistenza ai tagli TDM ISO 13997:1999 (A-F) P: Protezione contro gli urti (opzionale) Solo guanti con marcatura P offrono protezione dagli urti.
II	A: Propagazione limitata della fiamma (0-4)* B: Calore da contatto (0-4) C: Calore convettivo (0-4) D: Calore radiante (0-4)	E: Piccoli spruzzi di metallo fuso (0-4) F: Grandi quantità di metallo liquido (0-4) * Possono entrare a contatto con fiamme libere solo i guanti che presentano come minimo il livello di prestazione 1. I prodotti con il simbolo grafico (1) EN 407 non forniscono protezione contro le fiamme. Solo i prodotti con il simbolo grafico (2) EN 407/ EN 12477 tipo A/B hanno un grado di protezione contro le fiamme.
III	A: Freddo convettivo (0-4)* B: Freddo da contatto (0-4) C: Resistenza alla penetrazione dell'acqua (0-1)*	* I guanti con livello di prestazione 0 possono perdere la loro proprietà isolante in presenza di umidità. Per informazioni sull'esposizione massima consentita (per es. temperatura, durata) rivolgersi al produttore.

X: Controllo non eseguito oppure non applicabile.
0: Il guanto non ha raggiunto il livello di prestazione minimo per il rischio singolo specificato

Più alto il livello di prestazione, più alto il fattore di protezione.
Salvo diversamente indicato, i valori di prestazione calcolati fanno riferimento a campioni prelevati dal polso del guanto. Nei guanti con due o più strati, la classificazione complessiva non rispetta necessariamente la prestazione dello strato più esterno.

La presente informazione per l'utente deve essere utilizzata congiuntamente alle informazioni specifiche del prodotto allegate alla confezione.

Conservazione/data di scadenza: Conservare i guanti nella loro confezione originale, in luogo fresco (5 - 25 °C) e asciutto, senza appoggiargli sopra ulteriori carichi, tenendoli in particolare lontano dalla luce diretta del sole. Non stoccare nei pressi di fonti di ozono (p.e. stampanti e fotocopiatrici laser). Conservare il prodotto in modo conforme. La data di scadenza effettiva in uso non può essere indicata in modo approssimativo in quanto dipende dalle condizioni quadro presenti in sede applicativa. Si dovrà tuttavia effettuare una valutazione del rischio individualizzata nel caso singolo.

USO: Questi guanti sono progettati per proteggere da rischi medi. Utilizzare sempre guanti protettivi della misura corretta per il solo settore di applicazione previsto. Effettuare una verifica/valutazione del rischio per accertare che i guanti siano idonei per l'utilizzo previsto, in quanto le condizioni di lavoro possono differire da quelle della certificazione in funzione di temperatura, condizioni atmosferiche, usura e degradazione. Qualora sia indicata una protezione dagli urti, l'ambito di protezione non è applicabile alle dita. Se si verifica uno smussamento durante la prova di resistenza ai tagli, i risultati di detta prova condotta in conformità alla norma EN 388 (6.2) sono da intendersi come puramente indicativi, mentre la prova di resistenza ai tagli TDM condotta in conformità alla norma EN 388 (6.3) fornisce risultati di riferimento relativamente alla prestazione. Prima dell'uso, controllare se i guanti presentano anomalie come fori, crepe o altri difetti, come p.e. scolorimento. I guanti danneggiati non devono mai essere usati. Non lasciare i guanti in uno stato di contaminazione. Quando si indossa il guanto, devono essere puliti e asciutti sia il guanto che la mano, la taglia del guanto deve essere quella giusta e il guanto deve aderire bene al contorno della mano e alle pieghe delle dita. Se il guanto si sporca / fa sudare, togliere il guanto, farlo asciugare prima di indossarlo nuovamente e/o smaltirlo a seconda dello stato del guanto.

Pulizia / disinfezione: Una pulizia/disinfezione non è prevista per questi guanti e ha luogo sotto la propria responsabilità.

Smaltimento: I guanti usati devono essere smaltiti conformemente alle prescrizioni di smaltimento dei rifiuti e alle prescrizioni delle autorità locali. I guanti non usati possono essere smaltiti con i rifiuti domestici.

Avvertenze / indicazioni per allergici: Non indossare guanti in prossimità di parti di macchine rotanti (lame di seghe, trapani, ecc.). C'è il pericolo di essere trascinati! Alcuni modelli di guanti contengono lattice naturale e possono causare reazioni allergiche in soggetti allergici. In caso di irritazione cutanea o di reazioni allergiche, rivolgersi immediatamente al medico. Maggiori informazioni sulla prestazione del guanto o sui materiali utilizzati possono essere richieste al produttore.

Indicazioni (guanti per saldatura): Al momento non esiste un metodo di prova standardizzato per la permeabilità delle radiazioni UV dei materiali per guanti. Tuttavia attualmente i guanti per saldatura vengono prodotti in maniera tale da non lasciar filtrare i raggi ultravioletti.

Con le apparecchiature per la saldatura ad arco non è possibile proteggere tutti i componenti principali, sottoposti a corrente di saldatura, dal contatto diretto durante il funzionamento. Questi guanti non offrono alcuna protezione contro la folgorazione che può essere causata da apparati difettosi o dal contatto con i componenti sotto tensione. Guanti umidi, sporchi o sudati presentano scarsa resistenza al passaggio di cariche elettriche, fattore che aumenta il rischio di folgorazione.

Per i guanti conformi alla norma EN 12477 si consiglia il modello B nelle applicazioni che richiedono un'elevata destrezza nelle dita, p. es. per la saldatura WIG. Per i restanti metodi di saldatura si consigliano guanti del modello A.

